



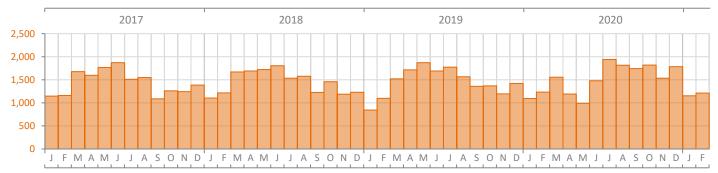
Summary Statistics	February 2021	February 2020	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	1,211	1,233	-1.8%
Paid in Cash	496	438	13.2%
Median Sale Price	\$450,000	\$363,000	24.0%
Average Sale Price	\$845,677	\$608,819	38.9%
Dollar Volume	\$1.0 Billion	\$750.7 Million	36.4%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	96.6%	95.0%	1.7%
Median Time to Contract	30 Days	61 Days	-50.8%
Median Time to Sale	73 Days	103 Days	-29.1%
New Pending Sales	1,975	1,898	4.1%
New Listings	1,763	2,039	-13.5%
Pending Inventory	4,100	2,958	38.6%
Inventory (Active Listings)	2,987	6,282	-52.5%
Months Supply of Inventory	2.0	4.2	-52.4%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Month	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	2,365	1.6%
February 2021	1,211	-1.8%
January 2021	1,154	5.5%
December 2020	1,784	25.6%
November 2020	1,533	28.4%
October 2020	1,818	32.8%
September 2020	1,744	28.6%
August 2020	1,814	15.8%
July 2020	1,940	9.3%
June 2020	1,478	-12.6%
May 2020	991	-47.0%
April 2020	1,191	-30.5%
March 2020	1,554	2.2%
February 2020	1,233	12.3%



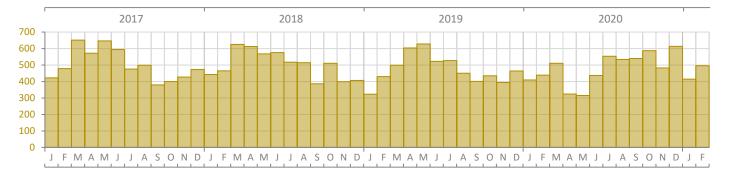


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	910	7.4%
February 2021	496	13.2%
January 2021	414	1.2%
December 2020	613	32.1%
November 2020	482	22.3%
October 2020	587	34.9%
September 2020	539	34.4%
August 2020	534	18.7%
July 2020	553	4.9%
June 2020	436	-16.5%
May 2020	315	-49.8%
April 2020	324	-46.3%
March 2020	510	2.2%
February 2020	438	1.9%



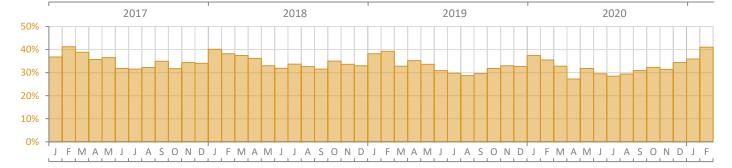
Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	38.5%	5.8%
February 2021	41.0%	15.5%
January 2021	35.9%	-4.0%
December 2020	34.4%	5.2%
November 2020	31.4%	-4.8%
October 2020	32.3%	1.6%
September 2020	30.9%	4.4%
August 2020	29.4%	2.4%
July 2020	28.5%	-4.0%
June 2020	29.5%	-4.5%
May 2020	31.8%	-5.4%
April 2020	27.2%	-22.7%
March 2020	32.8%	0.0%
February 2020	35.5%	-9.4%



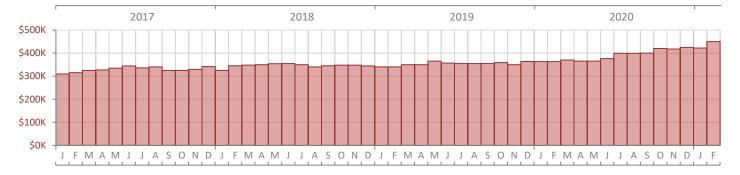


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that sold each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$434,900	20.8%
February 2021	\$450,000	24.0%
January 2021	\$422,000	16.3%
December 2020	\$425,000	16.8%
November 2020	\$418,000	19.4%
October 2020	\$420,000	17.0%
September 2020	\$400,000	12.7%
August 2020	\$399,000	12.4%
July 2020	\$399,000	12.4%
June 2020	\$376,000	5.3%
May 2020	\$365,000	0.0%
April 2020	\$365,000	4.3%
March 2020	\$370,000	5.7%
February 2020	\$363,000	6.8%

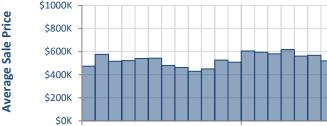


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$847,369	39.1%
February 2021	\$845,677	38.9%
January 2021	\$849,145	39.3%
December 2020	\$855,831	73.0%
November 2020	\$753,028	53.8%
October 2020	\$701,353	35.4%
September 2020	\$656,309	15.0%
August 2020	\$650,286	27.0%
July 2020	\$737,439	27.5%
June 2020	\$673,758	32.8%
May 2020	\$655,752	10.8%
April 2020	\$579,898	0.5%
March 2020	\$611,000	11.5%
February 2020	\$608,819	14.8%





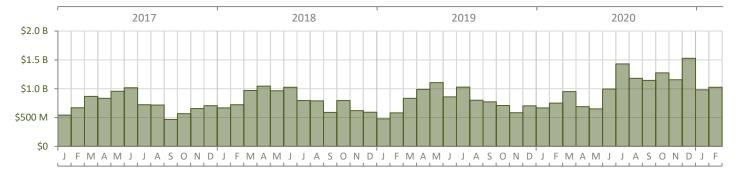


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Month	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$2.0 Billion	41.4%
February 2021	\$1.0 Billion	36.4%
January 2021	\$979.9 Million	46.9%
December 2020	\$1.5 Billion	117.4%
November 2020	\$1.2 Billion	97.5%
October 2020	\$1.3 Billion	79.8%
September 2020	\$1.1 Billion	47.9%
August 2020	\$1.2 Billion	47.1%
July 2020	\$1.4 Billion	39.3%
June 2020	\$995.8 Million	16.0%
May 2020	\$649.9 Million	-41.3%
April 2020	\$690.7 Million	-30.2%
March 2020	\$949.5 Million	14.0%
February 2020	\$750.7 Million	29.0%

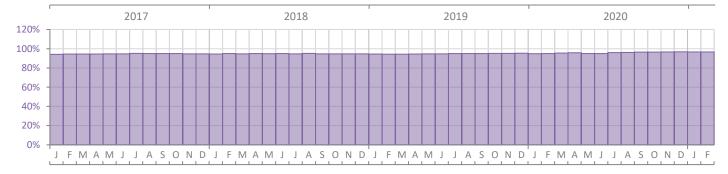


Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.







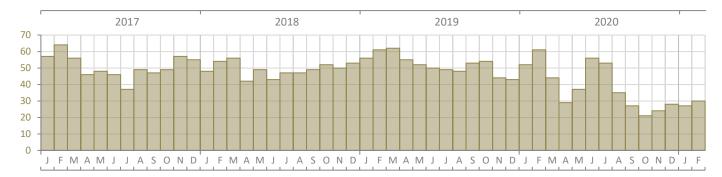
Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	30 Days	-46.4%
February 2021	30 Days	-50.8%
January 2021	27 Days	-48.1%
December 2020	28 Days	-34.9%
November 2020	24 Days	-45.5%
October 2020	21 Days	-61.1%
September 2020	27 Days	-49.1%
August 2020	35 Days	-27.1%
July 2020	53 Days	8.2%
June 2020	56 Days	12.0%
May 2020	37 Days	-28.8%
April 2020	29 Days	-47.3%
March 2020	44 Days	-29.0%
February 2020	61 Days	0.0%





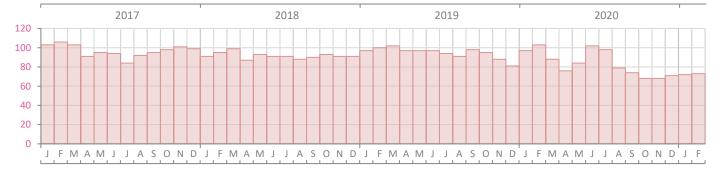
Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Month	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	74 Days	-26.0%
February 2021	73 Days	-29.1%
January 2021	72 Days	-25.8%
December 2020	71 Days	-12.3%
November 2020	68 Days	-22.7%
October 2020	68 Days	-28.4%
September 2020	74 Days	-24.5%
August 2020	79 Days	-13.2%
July 2020	98 Days	4.3%
June 2020	102 Days	5.2%
May 2020	84 Days	-13.4%
April 2020	76 Days	-21.6%
March 2020	88 Days	-13.7%
February 2020	103 Days	3.0%





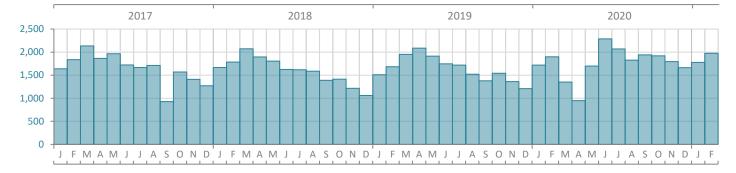


New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

th	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
-to-Date	3,752	3.8%
uary 2021	1,975	4.1%
ary 2021	1,777	3.5%
ember 2020	1,663	37.6%
ember 2020	1,793	31.6%
ber 2020	1,920	24.7%
ember 2020	1,941	40.8%
ust 2020	1,826	20.0%
2020	2,067	20.2%
2020	2,287	31.0%
2020	1,698	-11.2%
1 2020	947	-54.6%
ch 2020	1,350	-30.8%
uary 2020	1,898	12.8%
ember 2020 ust 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 1 2020 ch 2020	1,941 1,826 2,067 2,287 1,698 947 1,350	40.8% 20.0% 20.2% 31.0% -11.2% -54.6% -30.8%



New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	3,616	-13.4%
February 2021	1,763	-13.5%
January 2021	1,853	-13.3%
December 2020	1,491	6.9%
November 2020	1,725	3.8%
October 2020	2,049	-2.6%
September 2020	1,978	21.9%
August 2020	1,892	13.8%
July 2020	1,949	4.1%
June 2020	1,846	0.9%
May 2020	1,931	-9.7%
April 2020	1,264	-39.4%
March 2020	1,908	-11.2%
February 2020	2,039	-8.6%



nding Sales

Jew Listings

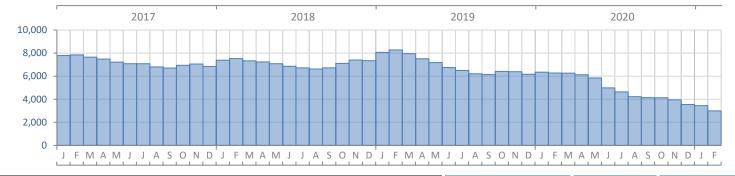


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	3,217	-49.1%
February 2021	2,987	-52.5%
January 2021	3,446	-45.7%
December 2020	3,551	-42.4%
November 2020	3,940	-38.3%
October 2020	4,131	-35.6%
September 2020	4,141	-32.6%
August 2020	4,227	-31.9%
July 2020	4,642	-28.5%
June 2020	4,989	-26.1%
May 2020	5,850	-18.6%
April 2020	6,126	-18.5%
March 2020	6,265	-21.3%
February 2020	6,282	-24.0%



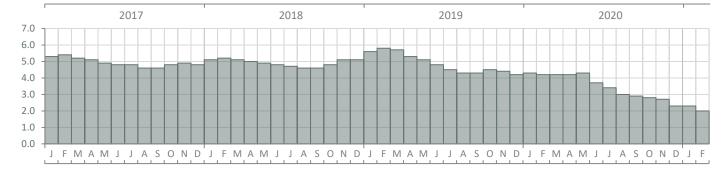
Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	2.0	-53.5%
February 2021	2.0	-52.4%
January 2021	2.3	-46.5%
December 2020	2.3	-45.2%
November 2020	2.7	-38.6%
October 2020	2.8	-37.8%
September 2020	2.9	-32.6%
August 2020	3.0	-30.2%
July 2020	3.4	-24.4%
June 2020	3.7	-22.9%
May 2020	4.3	-15.7%
April 2020	4.2	-20.8%
March 2020	4.2	-26.3%
February 2020	4.2	-27.6%





Median Time to Contract

Monthly Market Detail - February 2021 Single Family Homes Palm Beach County



Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	3	50.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	13	-13.3%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	16	-62.8%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	47	-46.6%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	64	-42.3%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	92	-34.8%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	258	-19.4%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	314	9.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	232	93.3%
\$1,000,000 or more	172	62.3%

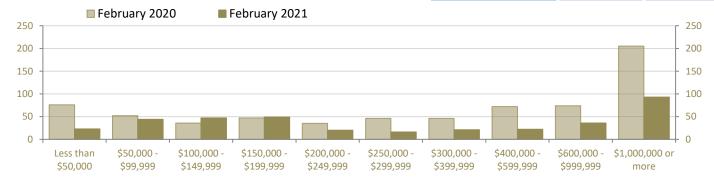


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	23 Days	-69.7%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	44 Days	-15.4%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	47 Days	30.6%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	49 Days	4.3%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	20 Days	-42.9%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	16 Days	-65.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	21 Days	-54.3%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	22 Days	-69.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	36 Days	-51.4%
\$1,000,000 or more	93 Days	-54.6%



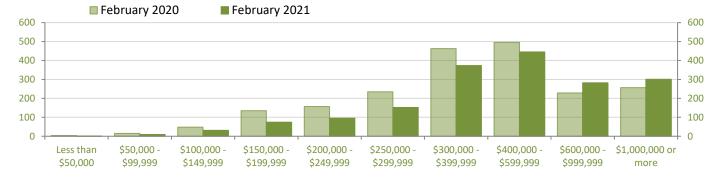


New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	-75.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	9	-40.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	31	-35.4%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	74	-45.2%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	95	-39.5%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	152	-35.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	373	-19.4%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	445	-10.3%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	282	23.1%
\$1,000,000 or more	301	17.1%



Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	2	0.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	23	-37.8%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	68	-43.3%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	134	-56.9%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	173	-53.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	212	-54.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	436	-58.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	531	-57.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	441	-55.8%
\$1,000,000 or more	967	-43.2%



Monthly Distressed Market - February 2021 Single Family Homes Palm Beach County



